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From Tuesday July 13. to Saturday July 17. 1742.

Weſtminſter, July 15.

HIS Majeſty came this Day to the Houſe of Peers, and being in His Royal Robes, ſeated on the Throne with the uſual Solemnity, Sir Charles Dalton, Gentleman Uſher of the Black Rod, was ſent with a Meſſage from his Majeſty to the Houſe of Commons, commanding their Attendance in the Houſe of Peers; the Commons being come thither accordingly, his Majeſty was pleaſed to give the Royal Aſſent to,

An Act for granting to his Majeſty an additional Duty on foreign Cambricks imported into Great Britain, and for allowing thereout a Bounty upon certain Species of Britiſh and Iriſh Linens exported.

An Act for the more effectual preventing the counterfeiting of the current Coin of this Kingdom, and the uttering or paying of falſe or counterfeit Coin.

An Act to impower the Importers or Proprietors of Rum, or Spirits, of the Britiſh Sugar Plantations, to land the ſame before Payment of the Duties of Exciſe charged thereon, and to lodge the ſame in Warehouſes at their own Expence; and for the Relief of Ralph Barrow, in reſpect to the Duty on ſome Rock Salt loſt by the overflowing of the Rivers Weaver and Dane.

An Act for the more effectual preventing any Cloth or Woollen Goods, remaining upon the Rack or Tenters, or any Woollen Yarn or Wool left out to dry, from being ſtolen or taken away in the Night-time.

An Act for further regulating the Plantation-Trade; and for Relief of Merchants importing Prize Goods from America; and for preventing colluſive Captures there; and for obliging the Claimers of Veſſels, ſeized for Exportation of Wool, or any unlawful Importation, to give Security for Coſts; and for allowing Eaſt India Goods to be taken out of Warehouſes, in order to be cleaned and refreſhed.

An Act to revive ſeveral Acts, for the Puniſhment of Perſons deſtroying Turnpikes, or Locks, or other Works erected by Authority of Parliament, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned; and to continue ſeveral Acts relating to Rice, to Frauds in the Cuſtoms, to the clandeſtine Running of Goods, and to Copper Ore of the Britiſh Plantations; and for extending the Liberty given by the Act of the Twelfth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for carrying Sugar, of the Growth of the Britiſh Sugar Colonies in America, to Ships belonging to any of his Majeſty's Subjects reſiding in Great Britain, and navigated according to Law; and for the more effectual preventing the cutting of Star or Bent.

An Act to continue ſeveral Laws (for the Encouragement of the making of Sail-Cloth in Great Britain, and of the Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom, and for allowing a Drawback on the Exportation of Copper Bars imported) and to explain a Clauſe of an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, to prohibit the Exportation of Corn, and other Things therein mentioned, and to give further Time for the Payment of Duties omitted to be paid for the Indentures and Contracts of Clerks and Apprentices.

An Act to explain an Act made in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, entituled, An Act to render the Laws more effectual for preventing the ſtealing and deſtroying of Sheep, and other Cattle.

An Act for preventing the Miſchiefs which may happen by keeping dangerous Quantities of Gunpowder in or near the Cities of London and Weſtminſter.

An Act to prevent the Marriage of Lunaticks.

An Act for the better enabling the Commiſſioners for building a Bridge croſs the River Thames, from the City of Weſtminſter to the oppoſite Shore in the County of Surrey, to finiſh the ſaid Bridge, and to perform the other Truſts repoſed in them; and for enlarging the Time for exchanging of Tickets unclaimed in the laſt Lottery for the ſaid Bridge; and to make Proviſion for Tickets in the ſaid Lottery, loſt, burnt, or otherwiſe deſtroyed.

And to four private Bills.

After which His Majeſty was pleaſed to make the following moſt gracious Speech,

My Lords and Gentlemen,

THIS Seſſion of Parliament has been drawn out into ſo unuſual a Length, and the Sea-

ſon

(Price Four Pence.)

ſon of the Year is ſo far advanced, that I am perſuaded you are all very deſirous of a Receſs.

I acquainted you at the Beginning of the Seſſion, with my Endeavours to bring about an Accommodation between thoſe Princes, whoſe Union was moſt neceſſary in this critical Conjuncture. The Treaty lately concluded between the Queen of Hungary and the King of Pruſſia, under my Mediation, and ſo highly to the Honour of Great Britain, muſt undoubtedly produce the beſt Conſequences to the Common Cauſe.

The Succeſſes which have attended the Auſtrian Arms in Germany; the Conjunction of the King of Sardinia's Forces with thoſe of the Queen of Hungary in Italy; the preſent favourable Diſpoſition of the States General, and of other great Powers, are, under God, chiefly owing to the generous Aſſiſtance, afforded by this Nation, to its ancient and natural Allies.

Theſe happy Events cannot fail to give Encouragement to our Friends; and to eſtabliſh the Reputation of our Strength, and our juſt Influence Abroad.

If, for the further Support and Defence of the Queen of Hungary, and to reſtore and ſecure the Balance of Power, ſo particularly recommended to me by my Parliament, it ſhould become neceſſary for me to contract new Engagements, or to enter into further Meaſures, I rely upon your Zeal and Perſeverance in ſo juſt a Cauſe, to enable me to make them good.

In the Midſt of theſe extenſive Tranſactions, I have been, and ſhall continue to be, attentive to the Proſecution of the War againſt Spain with the utmoſt Vigour; which is of the greateſt Importance to the Trade and Navigation of my Subjects; the Encouragement and Protection whereof, ſhall be one of my principal Cares.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Commons,

The Zeal, Unanimity, and Diſpatch, with which you have given ſuch large Supplies for the Service of the current Year, demand my particular Thanks; and are freſh Proofs of your Duty to me, and of your Concern for the true Intereſt of your Country. The Succeſs, with which theſe Supplies have been raiſed, muſt convince all the World of the eſtabliſhed Credit of this Nation.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I have the juſteſt Confidence in the Affections of my People, which I ſhall not fail to cultivate by a conſtant Care of their Rights and Liberties; and by promoting their Proſperity and Happineſs. Let it be your Endeavour, in your reſpective Countries, to make theſe my good Intentions rightly underſtood; to calm and heal all Animoſities and Diviſions; to ſupport my Authority and Government; and to preſerve the Peace and good Order of the Kingdom.

Then the Lord Chancellor, by His Majeſty's Command, ſaid,

My Lords and Gentlemen,

IT is His Majeſty's Royal Will and Pleaſure, That this Parliament be prorogued to Thurſday the Sixteenth Day of September next, to be then here held; and this Parliament is accordingly prorogued to Thurſday the Sixteenth Day of September next.

AT the Court at *Kenſington* the 13th Day of *July*, 1742.

PRESENT,

The King's moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

This Day the Right Honourable John Lord Gower, was, by his Majeſty's Command, ſworn of his Majeſty's moſt Honourable Privy Council, as likewiſe Keeper of the Privy Seal, and took his Place at the Board accordingly.

This Day the Right Honourable Allen Lord Bathurſt, and alſo the Right Honourable William Finch, Eſq; Vice-Chamberlain of his Majeſty's Houſhold, were, by his Majeſty's Command, ſworn of his Majeſty's moſt Honourable Privy Council, and took their Places at the Board accordingly.

WHEREAS by an Act of the Twelfth of King Charles the Second, and divers other Acts, the Exportation and Loading on any Horſe or Carriages or Veſſels in order to Export out of Great Britain, Ireland, Jerſey, Guernſey, Sark and Alderney to Foreign Parts, of any Sheep, Wool, Woolfells, Mortlings, Shortlings, Wool, Yarn, Wool Flocks, Fullers Earth, or Fulling Clay, or of Wool ſlightly manufactured, ſo as to be reducible to Wool again (except in the particular Caſes therein mentioned) is ſtrictly prohibited, under the Penalties of forfeiting the Goods, Twenty Shillings for every Sheep, Three Shillings for every Pound Weight of ſuch Goods, and of the Ship and Tackle, and of all the Goods and Chattels of the Maſter and Mariners aſſiſting, and Three Months Impriſonment, and the Penalties to be equally divided between the Crown and the Proſecutor. And by an Act of the Fourth of his Majeſty King George the Firſt, the Offender is to be tranſported for Seven Years, if he don't pay the Penalty after Conviction, and Three Months lying in Priſon; and in Caſe of Return before the Seven Years, he is lyable to be puniſhed with Death as a Felon. And by an Act of the Firſt of King William and Queen Mary, Wool to be ſent Coaſtwiſe is prohibited to be loaded or carried by Land within Five Miles of the Port from whence it is to be ſent Coaſtwiſe, unleſs it is firſt entered at ſuch Port, with its Weights, Marks and Numbers, under the Penalty of forfeiting the Goods, with the Horſes and Carriages, and the Perſons concerned in carrying them, are ſubject to the ſame Penalties as for Exportation. But this is not to hinder the Conveyance of Wool from the Place of Shearing to the Owner's Dwelling-houſe, or Outhouſe, though within Five Miles of the Sea. Provided, that within Ten Days after Shearing, and before the Removal, he certifies to the Officers of the next Port the Number of Fleeces,

Fleeces, and where lodged, Three Days at leaſt before Removal. And by the Seventh and Eighth of King William the Third, no ſuch Goods are to be carried by Land within Five Miles of the Sea Coaſt, but between Sun Riſing and Sun Setting, on the Penalty of forfeiting the Goods and Horſes and Carriages; and if exported beyond the Sea, the Ship and Goods and treble the Value are forfeited, and the Inhabitants of the Hundred or Place next adjoining to the Sea Coaſt, out of or through which they ſhall be carried or Exported, are to forfeit Twenty Pounds, if the Goods are under Ten Pounds Value, and if above, then treble the Value and treble Coſts, to be recovered againſt two or more Inhabitants, and the Juſtices at their Quarter Seſſions are to tax each Town as in Caſe of a Robbery under the Statute of Hue and Cry. And all Aiders and Abettors are to ſuffer Three Years Impriſonment, and the Owners of the Goods are to pay treble the Value of the Forfeitures to the Inhabitants ſo charged. And by the ſame Act, and another Act of the Tenth and Eleventh of King William the Third, the Lords of the Admiralty are to appoint a certain Number of Ships of War and armed Sloops to cruize from the North Foreland to the Iſle of Wight, and on the Coaſts of England and Ireland, for ſeizing all Veſſels Exporting Wool, with ſevere Penalties on the Officers neglecting their Duty therein. And whereas by the Ninth and Tenth of King William the Third, the Owners of Wool ſhorn or lodged within Ten Miles of the Sea, in Kent and Suſſex, are obliged to give within Three Days after Shearing, an exact Account in Writing of the Number of Fleeces, and the Place where lodged, to the Officers of the next Port, and the like Notice before the Removal of it, with the Names and Abodes of the Perſons to whom diſpoſed, on the like Penalties as on Exportation: And none who reſide within Fifteen Miles of the Sea in thoſe Counties, are to buy any Wool till Bond given, with ſufficient Sureties not to ſell it to any that reſide within Fifteen Miles of the Sea, on the Penalty of forfeiting the Goods, with Three Shillings for every Pound Weight: And no Wool removed from the Place where firſt hous'd after Shearing, within Ten Miles of the Sea in thoſe Counties, ſhall be lodged after the firſt Removal, within Fifteen Miles of the Sea, on the Penalty of forfeiting the Goods if found, and if not found, of Three Shillings per Pound Weight; which Penalties are to be divided, one Third to the Crown, and two Thirds to the Proſecutor. And whereas for the more effectual preventing the Exportation of Wool and Woollen Goods from Ireland to Foreign Parts; It is by the ſeveral Acts of Parliament of the Firſt of King William and Queen Mary, the Seventh and Eighth of King William the Third, the Tenth and Eleventh of King William the Third, the Third of King George the Firſt, and the Fifth of King George the Firſt, provided, that none of thoſe Goods ſhall be Exported out of Ireland, unleſs ſhipt in the particular Ports therein mentioned, and with Intent to be Imported into the Ports of Great-Britain therein alſo ſpecified, and unleſs Notice be firſt given to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, or to the Cuſtomer or Collector of the Port into which they are intended to be brought, of the Quantity, Quality and Package, with the Marks and Numbers, the Name of the Ship and Maſter, and the Port of Importation; and unleſs Bond be given, with ſufficient Sureties in treble the Value of the Goods, that they ſhall be landed accordingly, and a Licence be alſo granted in the Manner therein directed, under the Penalty of forfeiting the Veſſel and Goods and 500 l. by each Offender; and the Maſter, Mariners, Carriers, Waggoners, and other Perſons aſſiſting in the loading, carrying or exporting, contrary to thoſe Acts, forfeit Forty Pounds for each Offence; and one Moiety of the Penalties is given to the Crown, and the other to the Proſecutor: And for the more effectual Prevention of all Frauds in the Exportation from Ireland, particular Directions are given for the Form of the Warrants for ſhipping of the Goods, and the Certificates of landing, and for regiſtring all the Goods ſo Imported, and tranſmitting from Ireland an Account of the Goods ſo Exported to England: And whereas by an Act of the Twelfth of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, no Wool or Woollen Goods therein mentioned, are to be Imported from Ireland, but in Veſſels of the Built of Great Britain or Ireland, on the Forfeiture of the Ship and Goods. And it is further provided, that no Wool, Woolfells, &c. ſhall be pack'd up in any Box, Cheſt or other Package, except in Packs or Truſſes of Leather or Canvas, to be marked on the Outſide with the Words Wool or Yarn, in Letters not leſs than three Inches in Length, on the like Penalty as on Exportation, and that none ſhall be put on Board any Ship or Boat bound beyond the Sea, or laden in order to be carried Coaſtwiſe, unleſs Notice be firſt given to the Commiſſioners or Managers of the Cuſtoms of the Port from which it is to be Exported, of the Quantity, Quality and Package, Marks and Numbers thereof, with the Name of the Ship, and other Particulars, and unleſs Bond is firſt given with Surety for landing it accordingly, on the Penalty of forfeiting the Goods or the Value of them, with the Veſſel and Furniture, and none of ſuch Goods are to be landed but in the Preſence of an Officer, who if he misbehaves therein, is to forfeit 200 l. and Perſons bribing or attempting to bribe him, forfeit 300 l. And all Perſons obſtructing the Officer in his Duty are to be tranſported. And by the ſame Act, Inſurers knowingly on Wool Exported to Foreign Parts, forfeit 500 l. and the Policy is made void; and all theſe Forfeitures are given ſolely to the Informer: And to encourage the Proſecution of Offenders, if any, who ſhall be convicted of the Three Shillings per Pound Weight by this or other Acts, ſhall be unable to pay it, One Shilling per Pound Weight is to be paid out of the Publick Revenue. And whereas the due Execution of the ſaid Laws, and all other the Laws in Force made for this Purpoſe, is of the greateſt Conſequence to the Woollen Manufacturers of this

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And by the ſame Act, and another Act of the Tenth and Eleventh of King William the Third, the Lords of the Admiralty are to appoint a certain Number of Ships of War and armed Sloops to cruize from the North Foreland to the Iſle of Wight, and on the Coaſts of England and Ireland, for ſeizing all Veſſels Exporting Wool, with ſevere Penalties on the Officers neglecting their Duty therein. And whereas by the Ninth and Tenth of King William the Third, the Owners of Wool ſhorn or lodged within Ten Miles of the Sea, in Kent and Suſſex, are obliged to give within Three Days after Shearing, an exact Account in Writing of the Number of Fleeces, and the Place where lodged, to the Officers of the next Port, and the like Notice before the Removal of it, with the Names and Abodes of the Perſons to whom diſpoſed, on the like Penalties as on Exportation: And none who reſide within Fifteen Miles of the Sea in thoſe Counties, are to buy any Wool till Bond given, with ſufficient Sureties not to ſell it to any that reſide within Fifteen Miles of the Sea, on the Penalty of forfeiting the Goods, with Three Shillings for every Pound Weight: And no Wool removed from the Place where firſt hous'd after Shearing, within Ten Miles of the Sea in thoſe Counties, ſhall be lodged after the firſt Removal, within Fifteen Miles of the Sea, on the Penalty of forfeiting the Goods if found, and if not found, of Three Shillings per Pound Weight; which Penalties are to be divided, one Third to the Crown, and two Thirds to the Proſecutor. And whereas for the more effectual preventing the Exportation of Wool and Woollen Goods from Ireland to Foreign Parts; It is by the ſeveral Acts of Parliament of the Firſt of King William and Queen Mary, the Seventh and Eighth of King William the Third, the Tenth and Eleventh of King William the Third, the Third of King George the Firſt, and the Fifth of King George the Firſt, provided, that none of thoſe Goods ſhall be Exported out of Ireland, unleſs ſhipt in the particular Ports therein mentioned, and with Intent to be Imported into the Ports of Great-Britain therein alſo ſpecified, and unleſs Notice be firſt given to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, or to the Cuſtomer or Collector of the Port into which they are intended to be brought, of the Quantity, Quality and Package, with the Marks and Numbers, the Name of the Ship and Maſter, and the Port of Importation; and unleſs Bond be given, with ſufficient Sureties in treble the Value of the Goods, that they ſhall be landed accordingly, and a Licence be alſo granted in the Manner therein directed, under the Penalty of forfeiting the Veſſel and Goods and 500 l. by each Offender; and the Maſter, Mariners, Carriers, Waggoners, and other Perſons aſſiſting in the loading, carrying or exporting, contrary to thoſe Acts, forfeit Forty Pounds for each Offence; and one Moiety of the Penalties is given to the Crown, and the other to the Proſecutor: And for the more effectual Prevention of all Frauds in the Exportation from Ireland, particular Directions are given for the Form of the Warrants for ſhipping of the Goods, and the Certificates of landing, and for regiſtring all the Goods ſo Imported, and tranſmitting from Ireland an Account of the Goods ſo Exported to England: And whereas by an Act of the Twelfth of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, no Wool or Woollen Goods therein mentioned, are to be Imported from Ireland, but in Veſſels of the Built of Great Britain or Ireland, on the Forfeiture of the Ship and Goods. And it is further provided, that no Wool, Woolfells, &c. ſhall be pack'd up in any Box, Cheſt or other Package, except in Packs or Truſſes of Leather or Canvas, to be marked on the Outſide with the Words Wool or Yarn, in Letters not leſs than three Inches in Length, on the like Penalty as on Exportation, and that none ſhall be put on Board any Ship or Boat bound beyond the Sea, or laden in order to be carried Coaſtwiſe, unleſs Notice be firſt given to the Commiſſioners or Managers of the Cuſtoms of the Port from which it is to be Exported, of the Quantity, Quality and Package, Marks and Numbers thereof, with the Name of the Ship, and other Particulars, and unleſs Bond is firſt given with Surety for landing it accordingly, on the Penalty of forfeiting the Goods or the Value of them, with the Veſſel and Furniture, and none of ſuch Goods are to be landed but in the Preſence of an Officer, who if he misbehaves therein, is to forfeit 200 l. and Perſons bribing or attempting to bribe him, forfeit 300 l. And all Perſons obſtructing the Officer in his Duty are to be tranſported. And by the ſame Act, Inſurers knowingly on Wool Exported to Foreign Parts, forfeit 500 l. and the Policy is made void; and all theſe Forfeitures are given ſolely to the Informer: And to encourage the Proſecution of Offenders, if any, who ſhall be convicted of the Three Shillings per Pound Weight by this or other Acts, ſhall be unable to pay it, One Shilling per Pound Weight is to be paid out of the Publick Revenue. And whereas the due Execution of the ſaid Laws, and all other the Laws in Force made for this Purpoſe, is of the greateſt Conſequence to the Woollen Manufacturers of this

this Kingdom, and yet the ſame have been very much neglected, to the great Prejudice of this Nation; his Majeſty duly weighing the many Miſchiefs ariſing therefrom, and being firmly determined to cauſe all the ſaid Laws to be effectually put into Execution, does by Advice of his Privy Council, ſtrictly order and command all Officers of the Cuſtoms and others, to uſe their utmoſt Endeavours in the diſcovering, proſecuting and preventing the ſaid Offences, under Pain of his Majeſty's higheſt Diſpleaſure. And doth likewiſe order and command the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, and all Juſtices, Sheriffs, Officers and Subjects whatſoever, to be aiding and aſſiſting therein, to the utmoſt of their Power. *Ja. Vernon.*

Vienna, July 7, N. S.

A Courier from M. Gundel the Queen of Hungary's Secretary at Paris, having brought an Account of ſome Propoſitions that were made by the French Miniſters to him and Count Steinville the Great Duke's Miniſter there, inviting the Queen to enter into a ſeparate and private Negociation with that Crown, towards the Concluſion of a General Peace; and offering to ſend a Perſon of Confidence immediately to Vienna for that Purpoſe, Her Majeſty has been pleaſed to order the following Anſwer to be returned to thoſe Inſinuations, and the ſame to be communicated at the Courts of her Allies.

THE Queen has been as attentive as it was humanly poſſible, not to give any Shadow of a Pretence to her unjuſt Enemies for attacking her. And the Cardinal Fleury muſt know better than any Body her pacifick Sentiments. No Sort of Regard was had to them, at the Time when it was thought they might be able to oppreſs her. The Queen has in her Hands authentick Proofs of all the Ill that was deſigned her, to a Degree even to loſe Sight of Chriſtianity. The Hopes of ſucceeding therein are now vaniſhed, and a great Change has happened in Affairs. However they have beforehand ruined and ravaged her Dominions, overturned the fundamental Conſtitutions of the Empire, oppreſſed the Liberty of Germany; and it was not the Fault of France, that the Houſe of Auſtria was not entirely annihilated, which it was pretended indeed did no longer exiſt; and all this has been done without the leaſt Regard to the Treaties, and to the moſt ſolemn Guaranties. It was even boaſted, that they would give Laws to the Queen upon the Baſtions of Vienna. And what was aim'd at was nothing leſs than to impoſe the Yoke upon Germany, and upon all Europe. The Cauſe of the Queen is therefore become the Cauſe of all the Princes of the Empire, who are true Patriots, and of all thoſe Powers who have at Heart Tranquillity, and Independance. The Point is, to ſecure both the one and the other, with their Concurrence, without which we ſhould work but at a patched Peace. And although the Queen perſiſts in her Moderation, and pacifick Sentiments, it is ſtill equally juſt and indiſpenſable, as well to redreſs the extreme Injuries that have been already done her, as to ſecure her againſt the like Enterprizes for the future.

Copenhagen, July 14. The Ruſſian Squadron from Archangel being daily expected in the Sound, Baron Korff has beſpoke a friendly Treatment and Reception for it, if Occaſion requires, upon the Coaſts and in the Ports of Denmark; to which he has received a favourable Anſwer. A Ship Maſter, juſt come into the Sound, reports that he ſaw thirteen Sail of Ruſſian Ships cruizing pretty high upon the Ocean off the Coaſt of Norway, and that at a good Diſtance lower he met with ſix or ſeven Swediſh Men of War.

Bruſſels, July 18. Upon Application having been made by the Britiſh Miniſter here to Count Harrach, Governor General of the Auſtrian Netherlands, his Excellency promiſed to ſend Orders to Oſtend for releaſing the Engliſh Collier brought lately into that Port by a Spaniſh Privateer.

Whitehall, July 16.

The King has been pleaſed to grant to his Grace Charles Duke of Bolton, the ſeveral Offices of Governor and Captain of the Iſle of Wight, and Governor of Carisbrook Caſtle, of Conſtable and Door-keeper of the ſaid Caſtle of Carisbrook, and of Steward, Surveyor, Receiver and Bailiff of all Manors, Lands, Tenements, Woods, Hereditaments and other Revenues within the ſaid Iſland. And alſo to conſtitute and appoint his Grace to be Lord Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum of the County of Southampton, and of the Town of Southampton and County of the ſame. And likewiſe to appoint his Grace to be Warden and Keeper of the New Foreſt in the County of Southampton, and of the Duckoy there, and alſo the Manor and Park of Lindhurſt and the Hundred of Rudbergh, in the room of the Right Hon. John Lord Viſcount Lymington.

The King has been pleaſed to appoint the Right Hon. John Lord Gower, Keeper of his Majeſty's Privy Seal, to be Lord Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum of the County of Stafford, in the room of the Right Hon. the Earl of Ferrers deceaſed.

The King has been pleaſed to grant unto the Right Hon. Pattee Viſcount Torrington and Henry Vane, Eſq; the Office or Offices of Vice-Treaſurer and Receiver General and Pay-maſter General of all his Majeſty's Revenues in the Kingdom of Ireland, and likewiſe the Office of Treaſurer at War within the ſaid Kingdom.

The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint Edward Hooper, Eſq; to be Paymaſter of the Penſions, in the room of William Steuart, Eſq;.

The King has been pleaſed to grant unto Sir Charles Gilmour, Bart. the Office or Place of Paymaſter General of his Majeſty's Works, in the room of Sir Robert Brown, Bart.

The King has been pleaſed to grant unto Henry Legge, Eſq; the Office or Offices of Surveyor General of all his Majeſty's Woods in the ſeveral Parks, Foreſts and Chaces, and in the Lands of the ancient Inheritance of the Crown

Crown on the North and South Sides of the River Trent, in the room of Francis Whitworth, Eſq; deceaſed.

His Majeſty has been pleaſed to order Letters Patents to be paſſed under the Great Seal of his Kingdom of Ireland, for granting in Reverſion to the Hon. James Hamilton, Eſq; Son of the Right Hon. James Lord Viſcount Limerick, the Office of Chief Remembrancer of his Majeſty's Court of Exchequer in the ſaid Kingdom, now in the Poſſeſſion of the Right Hon. James Lord Viſcount Palmerſton.

The King has been pleaſed to appoint the Right Honourable John Lord Delawar, to be Maſter Forreſter of the Bailiwick of Frithan, in His Majeſty's New Foreſt in the County of Southampton.

The King has been pleaſed to grant to Daniel Boone, Eſq; the Office of Commiſſary General of the Muſters, and Chief Muſter Maſter of all his Majeſty's Forces in Great Britain, in the room of George Huxley, Eſq;.

The King has been pleaſed to appoint Francis Eyles, Eſq; to be Superintendant of his Majeſty's Founderies, in the room of James Tillie, Eſq;.

The King has been pleaſed to appoint Nathaniel Gundry, Eſq; to be one of His Majeſty's Council learned in the Law.

The King has been pleaſed to grant a Licence to the Miniſters, Elders and Deacons of the French Church in Threadneedle-ſtreet, in the City of London, to build a new Church and Charity School in the Pariſh of Chriſt Church in the ſaid City.

The Right Hon. the Lords Commiſſioners of the Treaſury have appointed Henry Furneſs, Eſq; to be joint Secretary of the Treaſury with the Hon. John Scrope, Eſq; in the room of the Hon. Henry Legge, Eſq;.

General Poſt Office, London, July 3, 1742.

Whereas divers Perſons, thro' Ignorance or Carleſneſs, frequently put Letters into the General Poſt Offices, and the Receiving Houſes both in Town and Country, directed on board of Ships, and to Foreign Parts, without paying at the ſame Time the Poſtage, as ought to be done; And whereas Letters and Packets are often put into the ſaid Offices with Money and Rings incloſed, and in Fraud of his Majeſty's Revenue, divers Perſons preſume to ſend Letters with falſe and counterfeit Franks;

This is to acquaint the Publick, that no Letters under any of the Circumſtances aforeſaid have any Right by Law to be forwarded.

Note, That Letters going out of Great Britain (except to France, Holland, and Flanders) have by the ancient Uſage of this Office paid the Foreign Poſtage, and are required by the Act of Parliament ſo to do, at the Office in Great Britain where the ſame are firſt put in.

Note alſo, That if ſuch Letters to Foreign Parts are put into any of the Country Offices, the Inland Poſtage of ſuch Letters to London muſt alſo be paid on putting the ſame into ſuch Office

By Command of the Poſt Maſter General.

J. D. Barbutt.

Exciſe Office, London, July 13, 1742.

By Order of the Hon. Commiſſioners of Exciſe, &c. On Wedneſday the 21ſt Inſtant, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, will be expoſed to Sale, (in their Court Room in the Old Jewry) Several Parcels of condemned Bohea and Green Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Brandy, Rum, Geneva, &c. Printed Allotments of the Particulars thereof will be delivered at the ſaid Office on Monday Morning, and the Goods may be viewed there, and at the Warehouſe near the Cuſtom-houſe on that Day and Tueſday, from Nine in the Morning till Twelve, and from Two till Five. Alſo on the Day of Sale in the Forenoon.

July 13, 1742.

The Principal Officers of his Majeſty's Ordnance do hereby give Notice, That on Tueſday the 27th Inſtant they will ſell by Auction, to the beſt Bidder, at the Office of Ordnance in the Tower of London, Several Parcels of Tarr'd and White Rope, Breechings, Tacklefalls, Parchment and Paper Cartridges, Tann'd Hides, Iron Chains, Lanthorns, Powder Horns, Horſe Harneſs, Shovels and Spades Steel'd, Muſquet Locks and Barrels, Bayonets, Cartouch Boxes, with other old and unſerviceable Stores; which may be view'd till the Time of Sale at the ſaid Office, where printed Liſts of the Lots will be deliver'd to ſuch as call for them.

Advertiſements.

Dr. *ANDERSON*'s, or, The Famous *SCOTS* PILLS;

ARE faithfully prepared only by D. INGLISH, at the Unicorn, over-againſt the New Church in the Strand, London; and to prevent Counterfeits from Scotland, as well as in and about London, you are deſired to take Notice, That the true Pills have their Boxes ſealed on the Top (in black Wax) with a Lyon Rampant, and Three Mullets Argent, Dr. Anderſon's Head betwixt I. I. with his Name round it, and Iſabella Engliſh underneath the Shield in a Scroll. They are of excellent Uſe in all Caſes where Purging is neceſſary, and may be taken with Epſom, Tunbridge, or other Medicinal Waters.

THE King's Plate of One Hundred Pounds will be Run for on Lewes Downs in Suſſex, on Thurſday the 19th Day of Auguſt next, by any Horſe, Mare or Gelding, being no more than Six Years old the Graſs before, as muſt be certified under the Hand of the Breeder, carrying 12 Stone, three Heats round the Heat's Courſe; to be ſhewn and entred at Verrall's Coffee-houſe in Lewes, on Wedneſday the 18th Day of Auguſt next, or they are not to run for the ſaid Plate: And if any Difference ariſe relating to their Ages, entring or running, the ſame to be determined by his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, or whom he ſhall appoint, according to ſuch his Majeſty's Orders or Rules as ſhall be produced at the Place of Entring or Running for the ſaid Plate. And on Friday the 20th Day of Auguſt next, a Plate of Fifty Guineas will be run for by any Horſe, Mare or Gelding, being no more than Five Years old the Graſs before, that never won a Plate or Match of the Value of Fifty Pounds at any Time before, carrying 10 Stone. The Horſes for this Plate to be entred likewiſe at Verrall's Coffee-houſe in Lewes a Week before they run.

SALISBURY RACES

ONE Hundred Guineas given by His Majeſty will be run for on the New Round Courſe, on Wedneſday the 25th of Auguſt next, by any Horſe, &c. being no more than Six Years old laſt Graſs, as muſt be certified under the Hand of the Breeder, carrying 12 Stone, Three Heats round the Heat's Courſe. To be ſhewn and entred the Day before Running at the Starting Poſt. If any Difference ſhall ariſe either in the Entring or Running, the ſame ſhall be determined by the Right Honourable the Earl of Pembroke or his Deputies. And on Thurſday the 26th of Auguſt, The City Plate by any Horſe, &c. carrying 10 Stone, Bridle and Saddle included, the beſt of Three Heats: To be entered the Day Se'nnight before Running,

ning, at the 3 Lyons Inn in Sarum, by the Head Serjeant, paying one Guinea Entrance, or two at the Poſt. And on Friday the 27th of Auguſt, The Gentlemens Purſe of Fifty Guineas, by any Horſe, &c. that never won a King's Plate. Aged Horſes carrying 12 Stone, Six Years old 11 Stone, and Five Years old 10 Stone, Bridle and Saddle included, the beſt of Three Heats: The Horſe, &c. that wins the two firſt Heats of either Plate, wins the Purſe; the Third Heat to be for the Stakes. Certificates of the Ages of the Five and Six Years old muſt be produced at the Time of Entrance, under the Hands of the Breeders. To ſtart between the Hours of Three and Five of the Clock in the Afternoon, and to enter at the George Inn in Highſtreet in Sarum, the Day Seennight before Running; and then to pay two Guineas if a Subſcriber, a Nonſubſcriber Three Guineas, or double at the Poſt. No Horſe, &c. to be entred that is not, bona fide, the Perſon's own, and no leſs than 3 actual Running Horſes, and kept as ſuch, to ſtart: But in Caſe only 2 enters, they ſhall be allowed Ten Pounds each; if but 1 Fifteen Pounds, and the Money to go to the next Year. To be determined by a Majority of Subſcribers (of one Guinea or more) then preſent, and to run according to Articles which will be then produced. No Croſſing or Joſling will be allowed. There will be Ordinaries every Day during the Races, and an Aſſembly and Ball each Night. N. B. No one Perſon muſt ſtart above one Horſe.

TO be ſold peremptorily, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Samuel Burroughs, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Chancery Lane, on Tueſday the 3d of Auguſt next, between the Hours of Ten and Twelve in the Forenoon, A Mannor or Freehold Farm of Inheritance, commonly called Hopton Farm, ſituate, lying and being in the Pariſh of Little Creſſingham, in the County of Norfolk, and now, and for ſome Years paſt, in the Occupation of Mr. Pratt, as Tenant at Will, conſiſting of a Farmhouſe and convenient Outhouſes, and of a conſiderable Quantity of Meadow, Paſture and arable Lands thereunto belonging. Particulars may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers.

TO be ſold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before William Kinaſton, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, A large Brewhouſe with a large Vault, three Storehouſes, three Malt Lofts, a Cooper's Shop and Yard walled in, a Carthouſe, two Stables for twelve Horſes, a convenient Dwellinghouſe adjoining to the Brewhouſe, conſiſting of a Kitchen, Parlour, and other Offices, five Chambers and two Garrets, a Garden walled in, and long Walk walled in, with a pleaſant Mount, Garden and Walk both well planted with good bearing Fruit Trees: Alſo a large Dwellinghouſe with five Rooms on a Floor, an handſome Landry, two Gardens walled in ſeparately, both well planted with good bearing Fruit Trees of the beſt Sort, a neat Fore Court, Palliſadoes in the Front, a Coach Houſe and Stables for Five Horſes, Part of which ſaid Eſtates are Freehold, and Part Copyhold (Fine certain) ſituate by the Thames Side, at the Rails Head in Iſleworth, in the County of Middleſex, and formerly known by the Name of Mr. Wright's Brewhouſe, late the Eſtate of Walter Wright, Brewer, deceaſed. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers in Lincoln's Inn.

TO be ſold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Robert Holford, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, Two Freehold Meſſuages in the Pariſh of St. Margaret Lothbury, London, in the ſeveral Occupations of Mr. Brice Fiſher, and Mr. Samuel Guillum, being Part of the Eſtate of Benjamin Haskins Stiles, Eſq; deceaſed. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers in Symond's Inn, Chancery Lane.

TO be peremptorily ſold, together or in Parcells, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, on Saturday the 7th of Auguſt next, between the Hours of Ten and Twelve in the Forenoon of the ſame Day, before William Kinaſton, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, The Eſtates late of Francis Brace, Gentleman, deceaſed, at Marſton, Moretain, Colmorth, Wilden, Thurleigh, and Littlington, in the County of Bedford, and at Swineshead, in the County of Huntingdon. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers.

THERE will be peremptorily ſold, purſuant to an Order of the High Court of Chancery, on Tueſday the 27th of July inſtant, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, before Francis Eld, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chamber in Symond's Inn in Chancery Lane, London, Several Houſes and Gardens, called the Palatine Houſes, or Half Way Houſes between Kingſland and Stoke Newington, in Middleſex, late belonging to Mr. Thomas Thompſon, deceaſed, held by Leaſe from the Pariſh of Stoke Newington for 99 Years, at 8 l. a Year, clear of Taxes, and now lett at 63 l. 10 s. a Year, Particulars may be had at the ſaid Maſter's aforeſaid Chamber.

TO be peremptorily ſold, purſuant to a Decree and ſubſequent Order of the High Court of Chancery, before William Spicer, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, on Tueſday the 3d Day of Auguſt next, between the Hours of Five and Six in the Afternoon, A Capital Meſſuage with Outhouſes thereunto belonging, and a Garden planted with Fruit Trees, a Cottage, 143 Acres, or thereabouts, of good Paſture Land, and about 8 Acres of Wood Land, of the yearly Value of 60 l. or thereabouts, ſituate at Somerby, within 3 Miles of Grantham in Lincolnſhire, late the Eſtate of Joſhua Hutchinſon, deceaſed. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, London.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, The Creditors of Walter Wright, late of the Pariſh of Iſleworth, in the County of Middleſex, Brewer, deceaſed, are to come before William Kinaſton, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, on or before the 1ſt Day of Michaelmas Term next, or in Default thereof they will peremptorily be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

THE Creditors of Edward Auſtin, late of Bedford-ſtreet, Covent Garden, Mercer, againſt whom a Commiſſion of Bankrupt hath been awarded, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees of his Eſtate and Effects, on Tueſday the 3d of Auguſt next, at the Crown Tavern on Ludgate Hill, at Six of the Clock in the Evening, in order to conſult on carrying on ſome Law Suits, and on other Special Affairs. And all Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate, are deſired forthwith to pay their Debts to Mr Thomas Maſon, or Mr. Abraham Newhouſe (the Aſſignees of the ſaid Bankrupt) in the Old Artillery Ground, Spittle-Fields, or to Mr. Robert Palmer, in Pump Court, Temple, otherwiſe they will be ſued for the ſame.

THE Creditors of Gilbert Hunt, of the Strand, in the County of Middleſex, Haberdaſher of Hatts and Linnen Draper, againſt whom a Commiſſion of Bankrupt hath been awarded, who have duly proved their Debts under the ſaid Commiſſion, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects, on Friday the 23d of July inſtant, at Six of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the Ship Tavern behind the Exchange, London, to conſent to the Aſſignees commencing any Suit or Suits in Equity, and to ſubmit to Arbitration any Differences or Diſputes relating to the ſaid Bankrupt or his Eſtate, and to compound with any Debtor or Debtors to the ſaid Bankrupt, and on other ſpecial Affairs.

THE Creditors of Joſhua Wilcocks, late of Aldermanbury, London, Merchant, a Bankrupt, who have proved their Debts under the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt him, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees of his Eſtate, on Wedneſday next, at 4 in the Afternoon, at Jack's Coffee-houſe in Kingſtreet near Guildhall, London, to aſſent to or diſſent from the Aſſignees commencing one or more Suits at Law or in Equity, or their ſubmitting to Arbitration any Difference or Diſpute relating to the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate, or their compounding or agreeing with any Perſon or Perſons Debtors to the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate, and on other ſpecial Affairs.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Benjamin Some, of Dean-ſtreet Fetter-Lane, London, Carpenter, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 23d of July Inſtant, at Three in the Afternoon, and on the 28th of the ſaid July and on the 28th of Auguſt next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the ſecond Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr.

Mr. Edward Woodcock, Attorney, in Caſtle-yard, Holborn, London.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt James Benezett, of London, Merchant, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 21ſt of this Inſtant July, and on the 10th and 28th of Auguſt next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the ſecond Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Standerwicke, of Taunton Saint Mary Magdalen, in the County of Somerſet, Maltſter, intend to meet on Wedneſday the 4th of of Auguſt next, at Ten in the Forenoon, at the Houſe of Humphrey Facey, called the Caſtle Tavern in Taunton aforeſaid, in order to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Sarah Stephens, late of Painſwicke, in the County of Glouceſter, Clothier, intend to meet on Thurſday the 12th of Auguſt next, at Ten in the Forenoon, at the Houſe of David Pitt, Innholder, being the Sign of the Swan in Stroud, in the ſaid County, in order to make a final Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Mary Dennis, late of the Pariſh of St. Botolph without Biſhopſgate, London, Linnendraper and Chapwoman, ſole Trader within the ſaid City, and Wife of Peter Dennis, Watchmaker, Citizen and Freeman of London, intend to meet on Wedneſday the 11th of Auguſt next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt James Lambert, now or late of Grub-ſtreet, in the Pariſh of St. Giles Cripplegate, London, Brewer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 18th of Auguſt next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Caſwall and John Mount, late of London, Bankers and Partners, intend to meet on the 11th of Auguſt next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupts Eſtate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Carteret Danſer, late of Macclesfield in the County of Cheſter, Chapman, intend to meet on the 13th Day of Auguſt next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the Houſe of John Forſter, being the Sign of the Three Tuns in Macclesfield aforeſaid, in order to make a Second Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Anſtey, late of Tiverton in the County of Devon, Mercer, intend to meet on Wedneſday the 25th of Auguſt next, at Three in the Afternoon, at the Houſe of Thomas Atkey, called Atkey's Coffee-houſe, ſituate in the Serge Market of the City of Exon, in order to make a Third Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Thomas Ballantyn, of the City of Exon, Grocer, intend to meet on the 26th Day of Auguſt next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the Houſe of Thomas Atkey, called Atkey's Coffee-houſe, ſituate in the Serge Market of the City of Exon, in order to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Mary Dennis, of the Pariſh of Saint Botolph without Biſhopſgate, London, Linnen-draper and Chapwoman, ſole Trader within the ſaid City, and Wife of Peter Dennis, Watchmaker, Citizen and Freeman of London, have certified to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Mary Dennis hath in all Things conformed herſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act paſſed in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, her Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 7th of Auguſt next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Sherborne Lyde, of Piccadilly, in the Pariſh of St. James Weſtminſter, in the County of Middleſex, Turner, have certified to the Rt. Hon. Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Sherborne Lyde hath in all things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 7th of Auguſt next.

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